(Rev. December 20) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

General Instructions Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request				
Sign Here		11/18/	2012	
becau interes genera instruc	cation instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that yo se you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transaction it paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an inally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you stions on page 4.	is, item 2 does not ndividual retiremer	apply. For mortgage at arrangement (IRA), and	
3. La:	n a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).		is at to be also withholding	
 I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and 				
1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and				
Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:				
L'étiq				
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter. Temployer identification Employer identification Employ		5 4 1 3 7 3		
Enter your Till It the appropriate box. The This provided mast match that a given out to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a TIN</i> on page 3.				
Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)			number	
	List account number(s) here (optional)			
Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	Madison, WI 53703			
	City, state, and ZIP code			
	333 W Mifflin St 1160			
	✓ Other (see instructions) ► non-profit, tax-exempt organization Address (number, street, and abt. or suite no.) Requ	Requester's name and address (optional)		
	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶		Exempt payee	
	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/estate		П-	
	Wisconsin Association for Healthcare Quality			
	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above			
	Name (as shown on your income tax return)			

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued).
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- · An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.